



we assist, advice and test Pigment PY 005

Couleur : Jaune
INCI : CI 77492
Type : Pigment minéral
Famille : Oxyde de fer jaune

CTL®-No	365164/20
[Material]	sample of a raw material
[Material description/Colour]	jaune terne

				passed
Azo-dyestuffs, Part 1a Investigation of aromatic amines with carcinogenic, mutagenic, reprotoxic and sensitising properties according to COE Resolution ResAP(2008)1 Methods acc. to § 64 LFGB 82.02-2,3,4,9 Detection limit: 1 ppm; limit: as low as technically avoidable				not detectable
Biphenyl-4-ylamine	-	4-Methoxy-m-phenylenediamine	-	yes
Benzidine	-	4,4'-Methylenedianiline	-	
4-Chloro-o-toluidine	-	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	-	
2-Naphthylamine	-	3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	-	
o-Aminoazotoluene	-	3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	-	
5-Nitro-o-toluidine	-	4,4'-Methylenedi-o-toluidine	-	
4-Chloroaniline	-	6-Methoxy-m-toluidine	-	
Azo-dyestuffs, Part 1b Investigation of carcinogens classified in Categories 1, 2 and 3 by the European Commission and mentioned in the Council Directive 1967/548/EEC of 27 June 1967 according to COE Resolution ResAP(2008)1 Methods acc. to § 64 LFGB 82.02-2,3,4,9 Detection limit: 1 ppm				
4,4'-Oxydianiline	-	2,4,5-Trimethylaniline	-	yes
4,4'-Thiodianiline	-	Para-phenylenediamine	-	
o-Toluidine	-	2,4-Xylidine	-	
Dyestuffs, Part 2 acc. to COE Resolution ResAP(2008)1 Methods: TLC-, HPLC-, GC/MS-analysis acc. to DIN 54231 Detection limit: 5 mg/L				not detectable
Acid Green 16	-	Disperse Blue 1	-	yes
Acid Red 26	-	Disperse Blue 106	-	
Acid Violet 17	-	Disperse Blue 124	-	
Acid Violet 49	-	Disperse Blue 3	-	
Acid Yellow 36	-	Disperse Blue 35	-	
Basic Blue 7	-	Disperse Orange 3	-	
Basic Green 1	-	Disperse Orange 37	-	
Basic Red 1	-	Disperse Red 1	-	
Basic Red 9	-	Disperse Red 17	-	
Basic Violet 1	-	Disperse Yellow 3	-	
Basic Violet 10	-	Disperse Yellow 9	-	
Basic Violet 3	-	Pigment Orange 5	-	



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[Material description/Colour]	jaune terne
[Lot-No]	1040939

			passed	
Heavy metals, Part 3 acc. to COE Resolution ResAP(2008)1 Method: Prior, G. (2014). Tattoo Inks: Analysis, Pigments, Legislation. Berlin: epubli. CTL Method 2, p. 83.			yes	
	Limit	Amount		
Arsenic (As)	≤ 2 ppm	< 2 ppm		
Barium (Ba)	≤ 50 ppm	< 50 ppm		
Cadmium (Cd)	≤ 0.2 ppm	< 0.2 ppm		
Cobalt (Co)	≤ 25 ppm	< 25 ppm		
Chromium (Cr), VI	≤ 0.2 ppm	< 0.2 ppm		
Copper (Cu), soluble	≤ 25 ppm	< 25 ppm		
Mercury (Hg)	≤ 0.2 ppm	< 0.2 ppm		
Nickel (Ni)	As low as technically achievable	< 0.5 ppm		
Lead (Pb)	≤ 2 ppm	< 2 ppm		
Selenium (Se)	≤ 2 ppm	< 2 ppm		
Antimony (Sb)	≤ 2 ppm	< 2 ppm		
Tin (Sn)	≤ 50 ppm	< 50 ppm		
Zinc (Zn)	≤ 50 ppm	< 50 ppm		
PAH and BaP, Part 4* Investigation of 16 compounds of Polycyclic hydrocarbons incl. Benzo-a-pyrene acc. to COE Resolution ResAP(2008)1 Methods acc. to EPA, ZEK 2008-01 Detection limit: PAH 0.05 ppm as total, BaP 0.5 ppb Limit: PAH ≤ 0.5 ppm as total, BaP ≤ 5 ppb <i>**on customer request, not part of ResAP (2008)</i>			yes	
Naphthalene	-	Fluoranthene		-
Acenaphthylene	-	Pyrene		-
Acenaphthene	-	Benz(a)anthracene		-
Fluorene	-	Chrysene		-
Phenanthrene	-	Benzo(b)fluoranthene		-
Anthracene	-	Benzo(k)fluoranthene		-
		Total		0 ppm
Sterility (microbiological test), Part 5* Investigation of pseudomonads (King A + B) acc. to COE Resolution ResAP(2008)1 Methods: Oxidase test Detection limit: 1.0 x 10 ¹ CFU/g			---	
Result: passed				